# With SAR TASH®, dust and ash will be welcome anywhere

# Lightweight Aggregate (LA) Production Technology at a Temperature from 10°C

Lightweight Artificial Aggregates (LA), namely SAR TASH®, its production, and use.





# SAR TASH® LA is designed mainly for the production of

- Thermal Insulation Concrete
- Lightweight Structural Concrete with a dense structure
- Lightweight Concrete with an interstitial structure

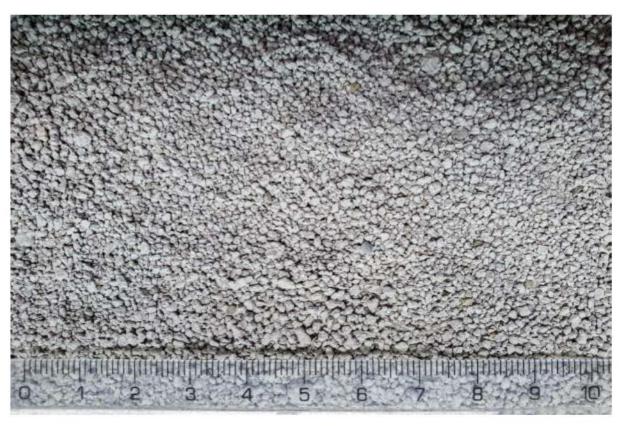






# Shape, density, and size of the produced SAR TASH® LA

- SAR TASH® LA can be made with a round-surface or with an irregular (crashed) surface
- The density of SAR TASH® LA can be adapted to the conditions of use the building structures, it's regulable (with a minimum value from 450 kg/m³)
- SAR TASH® LA can be produced in various fractions from 1 mm up to tens of millimeters.

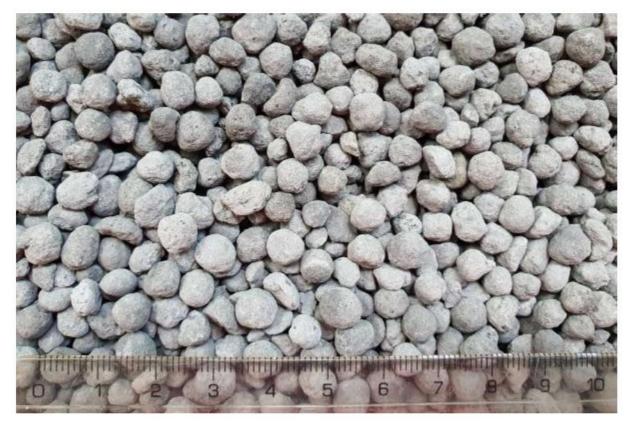


1 - Fraction 1/2





2 - Fraction 2/4



3 - Fraction 4/8





- Fraction 10/20

# Application - use of SAR TASH® LA in the production of construction elements

- LA is handled similar to natural aggregates in the mix design.
- LA does **not require** any **special equipment in the building industry** (it is only about the change of used standard aggregates)
- Suitable admixtures modify characteristics of the fresh mix like in the ordinary concrete or grout and hardened products.

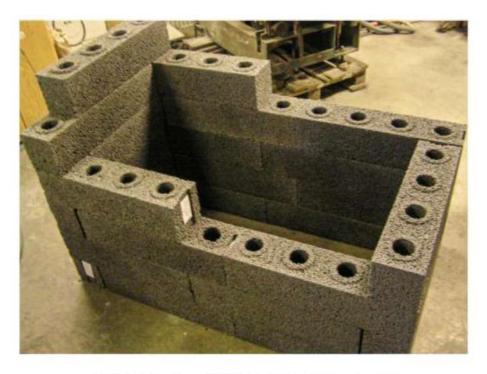


# Example of manufacturing masonry blocks from SAR TASH® LA

The LA fittings are lighter than classic concrete fittings, while they excel in better thermal and noise-insulating properties. The fittings can be produced on conventional equipment.



Partition block production with lightweight artificial aggregate (by ADLER device)



- LA Blocks for Dry Masonry/DMB (Lightweight Interstitial Concrete with LA)



# Main advantages of our methods of SAR TASH® LA production:

- 1. It is possible to produce it essentially anywhere. When compared to other types of lightweight aggregate (expanded clay) like, e.g. Keramzit (Liapor, Leka, etc.) produced by roasting fusible, swelling clay ores along with slightly swelling clay ores and additives at a very high temperature, the production of our LA is not dependent on the occurrence of special natural raw materials on the site. Regional production & regional consumption => low transport costs and wide use.
- Our SAR TASH® LA solidifies under natural conditions (already from 10°C), therefore, its production does not consume as much energy as, for example, the production of Keramzit.
- 3. Very convenient and effective **method** to **utilize fine inorganic waste materials**, such as dust particles, e.g., from processing stone, from various filters, fly ash, blast furnace slag, and the like.

## **Ecology**

Lightweight artificial aggregate fully **replaces limited sources** of **natural aggregates** and thus contributes to the reduction of consumption of non-renewable natural resources.

At the same time may solve the processing of secondary raw materials very effectively at natural temperatures, so the entire production process is energy efficient.

It is one of the few technologies that is advantageous for **reducing carbon dioxide emissions**, in the building industry.



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# **Our Method of Waste Processing**



#### Benefits of Our Method of Waste Processing

- Our modern technologies as much as possible utilize the hidden potential of wastes and their processing is used in various industries, mainly in the building industry.
- Intended processing of inorganic waste saves expenses to those who generate it (direct payments fordumping, storage cost, operating staff, administration ...).
- The processes we designed do allow controlled waste processing and production of required Products with predetermined, even exceptional properties.

Are you struggling with flue dust, sludge, stone dust, and other dusty wastes?

Is it difficult and costly? How to Convert Expenses to Profit?

Do make from Wastes lightweight aggregates SAR TASH® and Start Profiting from Wastes!



# **LA from Waste Materials**

#### I. Lightweight artificial Aggregate

- Artificial aggregate SAR TASH<sup>®</sup> is produced according to our technology by mixing and subsequent hardening of a mixture made from dusty inorganic waste materials, our recommended binders, additives, admixtures, and water.
- Artificial aggregate SAR TASH<sup>®</sup> is produced by simple and flexible (mobile) production equipment, which does not require any construction permit or environment impact assessment (E.I.A).

#### The Most Suitable Solution

Lightweight artificial aggregate is produced with:

- The lowest possible energy cost at the temperature from 10°C
- 2. Controlled bulk density from 450 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> and corresponding strength
- Wide range of mechanical-physical characteristics, which can be intentionally controlled based on the properties of input components and customer requirements, according toour formulas





#### The Most Suitable Form

#### Example of Lightweight Artificial Aggregate Made of Brown-Coal Fly Ash

Fly ash	Fly ash bulk density	Amount of flue dust per m <sup>3</sup>	Bulk density of dry artificial aggregate	Strength
	kg/m³	kg	$kg/m^3$	MPa
TST, a.s.	620	527	650	4
TST, a.s.	620	602	750	5
Reftinsk GRES	720	634	780	7.2

# II. Light Porous Aggregate

- Production of light porous artificial aggregate enables utilization of a wide range of dusty waste materials
- Portion of waste materials the total amount of incoming dry components of the porous aggregate is 80-93%
- Controllable bulk density is from 300 kg/m³
- Light porous artificial aggregate brings about low production cost, simple manufacturing, and quality even at 10°C!
- Production by (mobile) equipment is flexible, processing regional waste (fly ash, flue dust, dust, slag, and various sludge)



# Light Artificial Aggregate Made of Dusty Inorganic Waste



Light Porous Artificial Aggregate

# Example of Light Artificial Aggregate Parameters Made of Stone Flue Dust

Type of stone flue dust	Amount of flue dust per m <sup>3</sup>	Strength	Bulk density of dry artificial aggregate	Production temperature
	kg	MPa	kg/m³	°C
granodiorite	578	2.5	650	10
granodiorite	440	1.5	540	10
greywacke	589	2	670	10

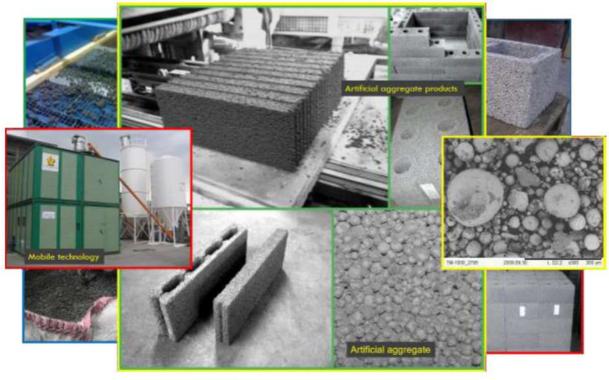


# Comparison of LA to Alternative Products (Expanded Materials)

Name	Share of waste materials	Size of aggregates	Range of heap density	Range of resistance to smashing (strengths)	Production temperature
	(%)	d (mm)	ρ <sub>s</sub> (kg/m3)	C <sub>A</sub> (MPa)	(°C)
SAR TASH	85 - 100	4/8	500 - 1200	2 - 20	10
	85 - 100	8 / 16	300 - 1000	1 - 12	10
SioPor (Expanded Ceramic)	0	0,1 / 1	120 - 160	0,08	300
	0	0,63 / 2,5	60 - 100	0,03	300
	0	2,5 / 4	60 - 80	0,01	300
Poraver (Expanded Glass)	100	2/4, 4/8	145 - 230	1,3	900
LIAPOR (Expanded Clay)	0	4/8	450	1,7	>1100
	0	8 / 16	275	0,6	>1100

# Complex and Simple Application of our technology in the Building Industry

- Mobile technology for the production of LA from inorganic waste materials
- LA enables the production of building elements with advanced properties





# The production technology of Inorganic Waste Materials

The size (number of containers) and the installed technology (machinery) of the production plant Differs mainly due to:

- · The production capacity of the plant
- · And sorts of input components and the purpose of using the final product

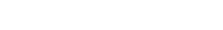
# Example of the Mobile production plant for lightweight artificial aggregate SAR TASH®

- · High mobility and modularity of the production plant
- Reliability of the equipment production
- And the installation of mobile technology for the production of artificial aggregate on any spot

#### The mobile technology for LA production







The mobile assorting line for LA





# The production technology in the mobile version - the facility in operation







# From Waste to Profit

- Waste = the cheapest raw material for now
- · Possibility of combination with other technological wastes for new products production
- · The lowest energy cost
- · Simple operating
- Regional activity
- · Immediate engagement
- The lowest achievable production cost

Send us samples of your dusty wastes for testing, we will design the best technology and formula for you

study development



effective mobile technology



mass use of waste

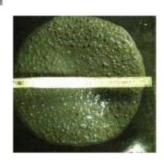


the international cooperation

wide range of applications



quality products





# Use of LA in the Construction Industry

**SAR TASH®** - lightweight artificial aggregate is mainly used for the production of lightweight concrete or for backfilling.

- · It is supplied in spherical or irregular form
- In fractions 0/2, 2/4, (alternatively 0/4), 4/8, and 8/16.
- Bulk density from 300 kg/m<sup>3</sup>
- High strength from 1.5mpa (high resistance to crushing CA)
- Very good and fast absorbency, which allows the product to be applied immediately to concrete or mortar mix without changing the consistency
- Non-combustible material

#### Wide range of applications

Depending on the type of input components, **SAR TASH**<sup>®</sup> LA can be used for a wide range of applications and production of the following building materials:

- Light dense concretes with a bulk density from 1400 kg/m³
- Light interstitial concretes with a bulk density of 900 kg/m³ (masonry blocks for bearing and partition walls, plates/boards, lintels, panels,...)
- Self-levelling materials
- Backfills and levelling layers for dry floors

#### Transport and handling

The material is transported in bulk or in bulk bags (type BIGBAG) that can be easily unloaded from the truck to the desired location with a hydraulicarm.



# Production of panels

The thickness of lightweight self-compacting concrete, with 20 centimeters a bulk density of (I.)1750 kg/m $^3$  and (II.)1980 kg/m $^3$ , both of them contain the LA.



6 - Production of panels 20cm thick of lightweight self-compacting concrete with a density of (I.) 1750kg/m³ containing LA



7 - Production of panels 20cm thick of (II.) Self-compacting concrete with a density of 1980kg/m3 containing



# Lightweight Interstitial Concrete

Using SAR TASH® LA for the production of Masonry blocks with a bulk density from 900kg/m3



Production of Masonry blocks with a bulk density from 900kg/m3



- Production of Masonry Blocks for Dry Masonry (DMB) with a density of 1050kg/m<sup>3</sup>



#### Interstitial Concrete is used for:

- Production of Concrete Masonry Units (CMU) / Blocks for structural and partition walls
- Production of elements for panel walls
- Production of thermal insulation materials
- Production of sound insulation materials

# Self-levelling compound using SAR TASH® artificial aggregate with a density of 1050kg/m³ for levelling floors



Self-levelling compound with the use of artificial aggregate SAR TASH® (bulk density 1050 kg /m³) with use for levelling floors.



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# **Building System based on Elements Containing the LA**

In order to make optimal use of the properties of lightweight artificial aggregate (LA) for the construction of buildings as well as to speed up construction, the Panel Building Construction System named Lkbox has been developed that has been proofed by building several houses in the Czech Republic.

**Wall panels** - a combination of dense concrete with interstitial concrete are lighter, have greater vapor permeability, and good handle.

All the construction elements contain LA.

Artificial aggregate can also be used to install dry floors and levelling.

#### Remark:

Application - use of LA in the production of construction elements does not require any special equipment.

Photos below of realization one of the construction projects with large-scale elements that contain LA:



































#### Lkbox is Fast & Economic Construction of Buildings in a Modular Design and Arrangement

The Offer to Investors, Developers, Municipal and City Authorities

#### The Most Beneficial Buildings with large-scale elements containing LA

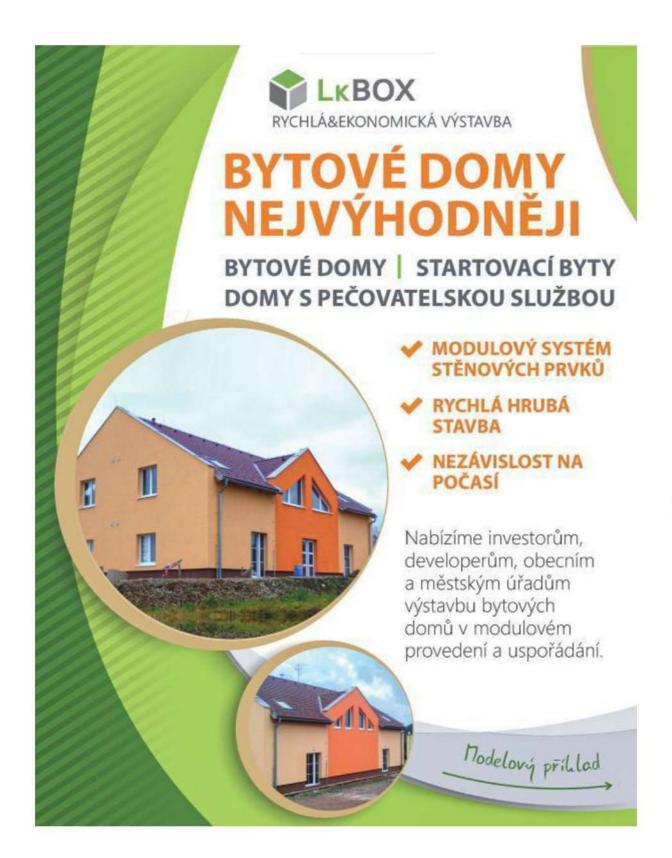
- Residential House
- Starting Apartments
- Nursing Homes
- Administrative Buildings
- Municipal Offices
- Schools, Kindergartens
- Modular System Of Wall Elements
- Quick Gross Building Construction
- Weather Independence

In order to streamline the design and production of the LA panels and also streamline the construction of houses, Type Construction Projects of Houses have been prepared.

Specifically, the house above was built in several layout versions with the same composition of panels in various regions of the Czech Republic.











Zastavěná plocha: 214 m2

V objektu 4 - 8 bytů s výměrou 40 - 98 m2 (1 - 3 + kk)

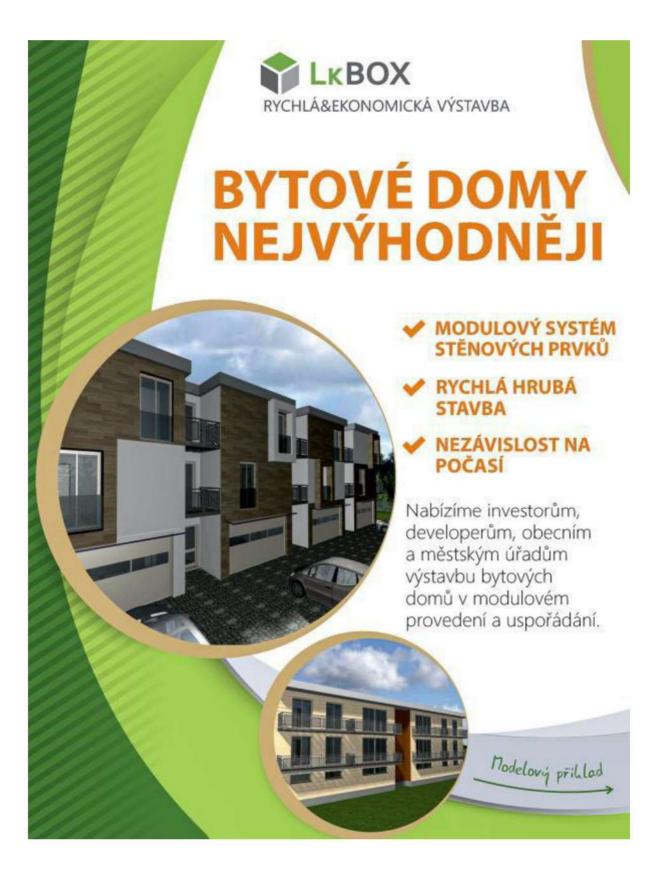
# Doba výstavby:

- Hrubá stavba včetně základů a střechy: 3 týdny
- Celková doba výstavby na klíč: 3 až 4 měsíce











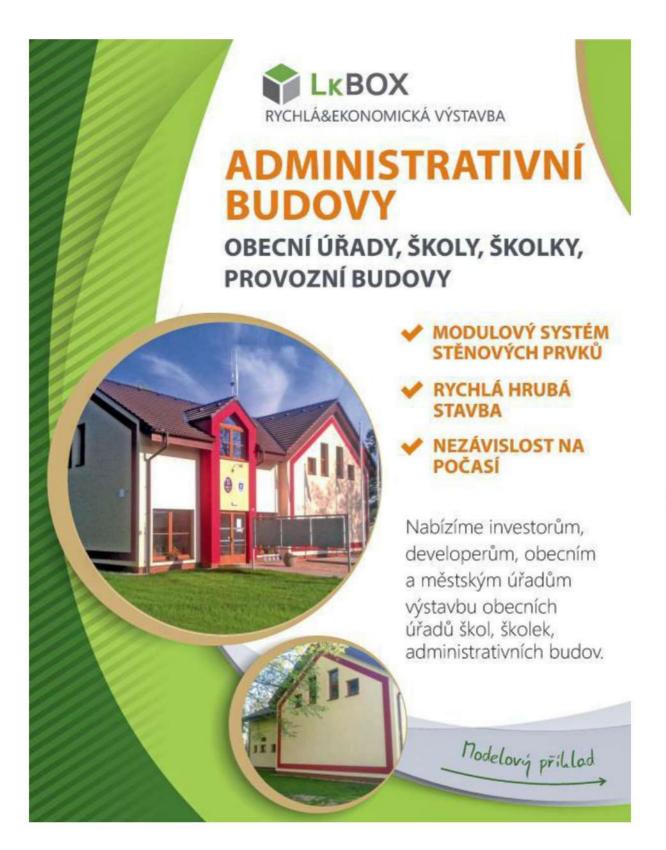


V objektu 16 bytů 1 + kk - 3+ kk ve 3 podlažích, užitná plocha 1279 m2, komerční prostory 142 m2

Doba výstavby: Hrubá stavba vč. základů a střechy: 6 týdnů











#### Přízemí (I. NP)

- 1. Zasedací místnost: 83,96 m2
- 2. Sociální zařízení: 23,59 m2
- 3. Ostatní: 78,58 m2 (vstupní prostor, schodiště, výtah, zázemí)

#### Podkroví (II. NP)

- 1. Kancelářské prostory: 101,99 m2
- 2. Sociální zařízení 23,59 m2
- 3. Ostatní (chodby, schodiště, výtah) 59,23 m2

# Doba výstavby hrubé stavby: 5 dnů





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# Thank you for your attention!

Let dUSt be useful.

# The SAR TASH® Consortium

EKOSTAT, a.s. / EKOGEN, z.s. / P.K. Invest, s.r.o. / MAGMA TRADE, s.r.o.

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**PS:** What SAR TASH means is the Royal Stone, which we hope you have recognized in it too.

